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09/775,664	02/05/2001	Paul Kevin Shufflebotham	015290-508	9320	
7590 09/26/2005			EXAMINER		
Peter K. Skiff		ZERVIGON, RUDY			
BURNS, DOAN	IE, SWECKER & MATH		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
P. O. Box 1404			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Alexandria, VA	22313-1404		1763		
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application I	No.	Applicant(s)			
	09/775,664		SHUFFLEBOTH	AM ET AL.		
Office Action Summary	Examiner		Art Unit			
	Rudy Zervigo	n	1763			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the co	ver sheet with the c	orrespondence a	ddress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by state Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mearned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS 1.136(a). In no event, It iod will apply and will ex atute, cause the applicati	COMMUNICATION nowever, may a reply be time of the six (6) MONTHS from the top to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this D (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on O	8 July 2005.					
2a)☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b)⊠ T	his action is non-	final.				
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice unde	er <i>Ex parte Quayl</i>	e, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims	•					
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>72-93</u> is/are pending in the applica	ation.	•				
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are without 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 72-93 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction an	drawn from consid					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) a Applicant may not request that any objection to a Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the cor 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the	accepted or b) the drawing(s) be h rection is required i	eld in abeyance. Seef the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	, ,		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for fore a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum 2. Certified copies of the priority docum 3. Copies of the certified copies of the papplication from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a	ents have been re ents have been re priority documents reau (PCT Rule 1	eceived. eceived in Applicati have been receive 7.2(a)).	on No ed in this Nationa	l Stage		
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/Paper No(s)/Mail Date		Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da Notice of Informal P Other:	ate	O-152)		
U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 7-05) Office	B Action Summary	Pa	rt of Paper No./Mail [	Date 20050921		



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### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Declaration under 37 C.F.R. §1.131

1. The declaration filed on July 8, 2005 under 37 CFR 1.131 is sufficient to overcome the Asanome, Yutaka (JP 08264518 A) reference.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 72-75 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(a) as being anticipated by Kilgore; Michael D. et al. (US 6,200,412 B1). Kilgore teaches:
  - i. An inductively coupled plasma CVD processing system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) comprising: a plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65); a dielectric window (112; Figure 1; column 3; lines 20-38) forming a top wall of the processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65); a substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1) adapted to support a substrate (108; Figure 1) within the processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65); and a plurality of injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) adapted to introduce process gas into the processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65), all of the injector tubes

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(128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) being spaced outwardly from the periphery of the substrate (108; Figure 1) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 72

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- ii. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of claim 72, wherein the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) are provided on a first gas ring (column 8, lines 50-56), at least some of the injector tubes (69; Figure 1 "nozzles"; [0040] machine translation) include an orifice (outlets of 128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) orientated relative to the axis thereof to direct the process gas in an upward direction away from the substrate (108; Figure 1) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1); and at least some of the injector tubes are orientated in the plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) to direct the process gas along axes that intersect an exposed surface of the substrate (108; Figure 1) at an acute angle (column 4, lines 22-25) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1) claim 73
- The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of claim 72, wherein: the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) are provided on a first gas ring (column 8, lines 50-56); all of the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) are orientated in the plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) to direct the process gas along axes that intersect an exposed surface of the substrate (108;

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Figure 1) at an acute angle (column 4, lines 22-25) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1) - claim 74

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.
- 5. Claims 76-83 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kilgore; Michael D. et al. (US 6,200,412 B1) in view of Latz; Rudolf et al. (US 5,169,509 A). Kilgore is discussed above. Kilgore further teaches:
- i. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of claim 72, wherein the plurality of gas flows from the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) overlap each other in a plane parallel to an exposed surface of the substrate (108; Figure 1) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 78
- ii. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of claim 72, wherein each of the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) includes an orifice (outlets of 128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65), and each of the orifices (outlets of 128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) is spaced the same distance from substrate (108; Figure 1) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 79

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The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) of claim 72, including a substantially planar electrically-conductive coil (102a; Figure 1) which inductively couples RF energy into the plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column

4, line 65) and energizes the process gas into a plasma state, as claimed by claim 80

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- iv. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) is claim 72, wherein all of the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) have the same length such that exit orifices (outlets of 128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) are spaced the same distance from the periphery of the substrate (108; Figure 1) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 81
- v. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of claim 72, wherein all of the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) are spaced outwardly from the periphery of the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 83

#### Kilgore does not teach:

i. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) of claim 72, wherein the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) are detachably connected to a first gas ring (column 8, lines 50-56) made of aluminum which includes outlets adapted to supply process gas into the plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65), as claimed by claim 76

ii. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) of claim 76, including a second gas ring disposed above or below the first gas ring (column 8, lines 50-56) in the plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65), as claimed by claim 77

The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) of claim 72, wherein some of the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) have different lengths such that exit orifices (outlets of 128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) of some of the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) are spaced a different distance from the periphery of the substrate (108; Figure 1) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 82

Latz teaches a wafer plasma processing apparatus (sole figure) including injector tubes (nozzle portion of 24/24a; Sole Figure) are provided on a first gas ring (24/24(a); Sole Figure) – claim 73, 74.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace Kilgore's injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) with detachable Latz's injector tubes (nozzle portion of 24/24a; Sole Figure) provided on a first gas ring (24/24(a); Sole Figure), further, to optimize the dimension of Kilgore's injector tubes.

Motivation to replace Kilgore's injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) with detachable Latz's injector tubes (nozzle portion of 24/24a; Sole Figure) provided on a first gas ring (24/24(a); Sole Figure), further, to optimize the dimension of

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Kilgore's injector tubes is for promoting "uniform and stable process" as taught by Latz (column 1; lines 60-65). Further, it is well established that changes in apparatus dimensions are within the level of ordinary skill in the art.(Gardner v. TEC Systems, Inc., 725 F.2d 1338, 220 USPQ 777 (Fed. Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 469 U.S. 830, 225 USPQ 232 (1984); In re Rose, 220 F.2d 459, 105 USPQ 237 (CCPA 1955); In re Rinehart, 531 F.2d 1048, 189 USPQ 143 (CCPA 1976); See MPEP 2144.04). Further, it has been held that it is obvious to make whole elements seperable (In re Dulberg, 289 F.2d 522, 523, 129 USPQ 348, 349 (CCPA 1961) – MPEP 2144.04.

6. Claims 84-87, and 89-93 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Kilgore; Michael D. et al. (US 6,200,412 B1) in view of Chen, Aihua (USPat. 5,691,876). Kilgore is discussed above.

# Kilgore further teaches:

i. An inductively coupled plasma CVD processing system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65), comprising a plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65); a dielectric window (112; Figure 1; column 3; lines 20-38) forming a top wall of the plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65); a substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1) adapted to support a substrate (108; Figure 1) within the processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65), a plurality of injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) each including an orifice (outlets of 128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) oriented relative to the axis thereof to direct the process gas in an upward direction away from the substrate (108; Figure 1) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118;

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Figure 1); and/or (ii) a plurality of injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) each oriented in the plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) to direct the process gas along an axis thereof that intersects an exposed surface of the substrate (108; Figure 1) at an acute angle (column 4, lines 22-25) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1) - claim 85

- ii. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of Claim 85, wherein the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) are oriented in the plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) to direct the process gas along axes that intersect the exposed surface of the substrate (108; Figure 1) at an acute angle (column 4, lines 22-25) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 89
- The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of Claim 85, wherein the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) include an orifice (outlets of 128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) oriented relative to the axis thereof to direct the process gas in an upward direction away from an exposed surface of the substrate (108; Figure 1) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 90
- iv. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of Claim 85, wherein a plurality of gas flows from the injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38

- column 4, line 65) overlap each other in a plane parallel to an exposed surface of the substrate (108; Figure 1) when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 91
- v. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of Claim 85, including a substantially planar electrically-conductive coil (102a; Figure 1) which inductively couples RF energy into the plasma processing chamber (110; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) and energizes the process gas into a plasma state, as claimed by claim 92
- vi. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of Claim 85, wherein each of the injector tubes (128,128b,128a, Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) has the same length, as claimed by claim 93

#### Kilgore does not teach:

- i. the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1) including means for maintaining the substrate (108; Figure 1) at a desired temperature claim 84, 85
- The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of Claim 85, wherein the means for maintaining the substrate (108; Figure 1) at a desired temperature includes an electrostatic chuck and is adapted to maintain the substrate (108; Figure 1) at a temperature ranging from about 325°C to 375°C when the substrate (108; Figure 1) is supported on the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 86
- iii. The system (Figure 1; column 3; line 38 column 4, line 65) of Claim 85, wherein the substrate (108; Figure 1) support (118; Figure 1) includes a heat transfer gas source

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which is adapted to supply a heat transfer gas to control the temperature of the substrate (108; Figure 1) to a temperature of about 100°C to 400°C, as claimed by claim 87

### Chen teaches:

iv. the substrate (not shown; Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) support (100; Figure 1) including means for maintaining the substrate (not shown; Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) at a desired temperature – claim 84, 85

Applicant's means for maintaining the substrate at a desired temperature is supported by the specification:

"[0027] In order to prevent damage to metal lines or the pre-existing films and structures on the substrate and to ensure accurate and precise process control, a heated mechanical or preferably an electrostatic chuck (ESC) is employed to hold the substrate. The ESC is preferably bipolar or monopolar. Preferably, the electrode is maintained at a temperature ranging from about 50°C. to 350°C, in order to maintain the temperature of the wafer to about 325°C to 375°C.

Consequently, Chen teaches equivalent means (column 6, lines 35-54; 5-18)

- i. The system (Figure 1) of claim 72, wherein the substrate (not shown; Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) support (100; Figure 1) includes means (see above) for maintaining the substrate (not shown; Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) at a desired temperature when the substrate (not shown; Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) is supported on the substrate (not shown; Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) support (100; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 84
- ii. The system (Figure 1) of Claim 85, wherein the means for maintaining the substrate (not shown, Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) at a desired temperature includes an electrostatic

chuck and is adapted to maintain the substrate (not shown; Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) at a temperature ranging from about 325°C to 375°C (claim 9) when the substrate (not shown; Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) is supported on the substrate (not shown; Figure 1; column 8, lines 40-55) support (100; Figure 1), as claimed by claim 86

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace Kilgore's support (118; Figure 1) with Chen's temperature controlled support (100; Figure 1).

Motivation to replace Kilgore's support (118; Figure 1) with Chen's temperature controlled support (100; Figure 1) is for conducting high temperature processing of substrates as taught by Chen (column 1; lines 1-18; column 2; lines 18-24).

7. Claim 88 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Kilgore; Michael D. et al. (US 6,200,412 B1) and Chen, Aihua (USPat. 5,691,876) in view of Latz, Rudolf et al. (US 5,169,509 A). Kilgore and Chen are discussed above. Kilgore and Chen do not teach injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) are detachably connected to a first gas ring - claim 88.

Latz teaches a wafer plasma processing apparatus (sole figure) including injector tubes (nozzle portion of 24/24a; Sole Figure) are provided on a first gas ring (24/24(a); Sole Figure) – claim 73, 74.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace Kilgore's injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) with detachable Latz's injector tubes (nozzle portion of 24/24a; Sole Figure) provided on a first gas ring (24/24(a); Sole Figure).

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- MPEP 2144.04.

Motivation to replace Kilgore's injector tubes (128,128b,128a; Figure 1; column 3; line 38 - column 4, line 65) with detachable Latz's injector tubes (nozzle portion of 24/24a; Sole Figure) provided on a first gas ring (24/24(a); Sole Figure) is for promoting "uniform and stable process" as taught by Latz (column 1; lines 60-65). Further it has been held that it is obvious to make whole elements seperable (In re Dulberg, 289 F.2d 522, 523, 129 USPQ 348, 349 (CCPA 1961)

# Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 72-93 have been considered but are moot in view of the new grounds of rejection.

#### Conclusion

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Examiner Rudy Zervigon whose telephone number is (571) 272.1442. The examiner can normally be reached on a Monday through Thursday schedule from 8am through 7pm. The official fax phone number for the 1763 art unit is (703) 872-9306. Any Inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Chemical and Materials Engineering art unit receptionist at (571) 272-1700. If the examiner can not be reached please contact the examiner's supervisor, Parviz Hassanzadeh, at (571) 272-1435.